



On apprend les formules par cœur

Astuce

Calculer les dérivées

1. $f(x) = x^5 - 3x^4 + 2x^2 - 7x + 1$

2. $f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^4 - 2x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x - 4$

3. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2x - 3}$

4. $f(x) = \sqrt{3x + 1}$

5. $f(x) = (x^2 - 2x + 1)(2x + 3)$

6. $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{2x - 1}$

7. $f(x) = (3x^2 - 1)(x^2 + 2x)$

8. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}$

9. $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 4}$

10. $f(x) = (x + 1)(x - 2)(2x + 3)$

11. $f(x) = x^2\sqrt{x}$

12. $f(x) = \frac{x + 1}{x^2 - 1}$

13. $f(x) = 2x^4 - 5x^3 + 3x^2 - x + 6$

14. $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{x^2 + 1}$

15. $f(x) = \frac{3x}{x^2 + 4}$

16. $f(x) = \sqrt{2x^2 + 1}$

17. $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x}}$

18. $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x + 1}$

19. $f(x) = (x - 1)(x + 1)(x^2 + 1)$

20. $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x + 1}}$

Corrigé**Exercice 1**

On considère $f(x) = x^5 - 3x^4 + 2x^2 - 7x + 1$.

On dérive terme à terme :

$$f'(x) = 5x^4 - 12x^3 + 4x - 7$$

Exercice 2

On considère $f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^4 - 2x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x - 4$.

On dérive terme à terme :

$$f'(x) = 6x^3 - 6x^2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

Exercice 3

On considère $f(x) = \frac{1}{2x-3}$.

On utilise la formule de dérivée d'un quotient :

$$f'(x) = \frac{-2}{(2x-3)^2}$$

Réponses des exercices suivants

4.

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x+1}}$$

5.

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= (2x-2)(2x+3) + 2(x^2-2x+1) \\ &= 6x^2 - 2x - 4 \end{aligned}$$

6.

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x(2x-1) - 2(x^2+1)}{(2x-1)^2} = \frac{2(x^2-x-1)}{(2x-1)^2}$$

7.

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 6x(x^2+2x) + 2(3x^2-1)(x+1) \\ &= 12x^3 + 18x^2 - 2x - 2 \end{aligned}$$

8.

$$f'(x) = -\frac{2x}{(x^2 + 1)^2}$$

9.

$$f'(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$$

10.

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= (x - 2)(2x + 3) + (x + 1)((2x + 3) + 2(x - 2)) \\ &= 6x^2 + 2x - 7 \end{aligned}$$

11.

$$f'(x) = \frac{5}{2}x^{3/2}$$

12.

$$f'(x) = \frac{(x^2 - 1) - 2x(x + 1)}{(x^2 - 1)^2} = -\frac{1}{(x - 1)^2}$$

13.

$$f'(x) = 8x^3 - 15x^2 + 6x - 1$$

14.

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{(2x + 2)(x^2 + 1) - 2x(x^2 + 2x - 3)}{(x^2 + 1)^2} \\ &= -\frac{2(x^2 - 4x - 1)}{(x^2 + 1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

15.

$$f'(x) = \frac{3(x^2 + 4) - 6x^2}{(x^2 + 4)^2} = \frac{3(4 - x^2)}{(x^2 + 4)^2}$$

16.

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{2x^2 + 1}}$$

17. $f(x) = x^{3/2}$ donc $f'(x) = \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x}$ 18. $f(x) = x - 1$ donc $f'(x) = 1$

19.

$$f'(x) = 4x^3$$

20.

$$f'(x) = -\frac{1}{(2x+1)^{3/2}}$$